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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/041,935	01/07/2002	Yukihsa Kobayashi	9319S-000319	4909
27572	7590	05/10/2005	EXAMINER	
HARNESS, DICKEY & PIERCE, P.L.C. P.O. BOX 828 BLOOMFIELD HILLS, MI 48303			PHAN, THIEM D	
		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
		3729		

DATE MAILED: 05/10/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/041,935	KOBAYASHI, YUKIHISA
	Examiner	Art Unit
	Tim Phan	3729

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 15 March 2005.

2a) This action is **FINAL**. 2b) This action is non-final.

3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

4) Claim(s) 15,16,21-23 and 25-34 is/are pending in the application.

4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.

5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.

6) Claim(s) 15,16,21-23 and 25-34 is/are rejected.

7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.

8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.

10) The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).

11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).

a) All b) Some * c) None of:

- Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
- Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
- Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)

2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)

3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 2/3/05.

4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____.

5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)

6) Other: _____.

DETAILED ACTION

1. The amendment filed on 3/15/05 has been fully considered and made of record.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

3. Claims 33 and 34 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Uchiyama (US 6,265,770 B1) hereinafter '770.

The '770 teaches a process of mounting a semiconductor component on a substrate (Abstract), comprising:

- a step of mounting a first component (Fig. 1, 2) on a substrate (Fig. 1, 3) by solder connection (Col. 5, lines 20 ff.) within first and second regions (Fig. 1, area of 2);
- a step of arranging an anisotropic conductive film (Fig. 1, 4) on a predetermined position of the substrate (Fig. 1, 3);
- a step of arranging a second component (Fig. 1, 6) on the anisotropic conductive film (Fig. 1, 4) within a band region (Fig. 1, surround of A) other than first and second regions

on the surface of the circuit board or substrate (Fig. 1, 3); and

- a step of thermocompression-bonding (Col. 5, lines 56 ff.) the second component (Fig. 1, 6) to the substrate (Cf. Fig. 1, 3) with the anisotropic conductive film (Cf. Fig. 1, 4) held therebetween in a bonding or mounting region (Fig. 1, A & area for 7) within the band region;
- wherein the step of arranging the anisotropic conductive film on the predetermined position of the substrate is performed (Fig. 1, 1) after said step of mounting the first component on said substrate by the solder connection.

The relative location of the band region and the first and second regions, which discloses the Article invention of the Claims is held to have little or no patentable weight in the Method Claims; the '770 at a minimum suggests the claimed method invention.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

5. Claims 15, 16, 21-23 and 25-32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Uchiyama (US 6,265,770 B1) hereinafter '770 in view of Uchiyama et al (US 5,847,796) hereinafter '796 or vice versa.

As applied to claim 15, the '770 teaches a process of mounting a semiconductor component on a substrate (Abstract), comprising:

- a step of mounting a first component (Fig. 1, 2) on a substrate (Fig. 1, 3) by solder connection (Col. 5, lines 20 ff.);
- a step of arranging an anisotropic conductive film (Fig. 1, 4) within a band region (Fig. 1, surround of A) of a surface of the substrate (Cf. Fig. 1, 3);
- a step of arranging a second component (Fig. 1, 6) on the anisotropic conductive film (Fig. 1, 4); and
- a step of thermocompression-bonding (Col. 5, lines 56 ff.) the second component (Fig. 1, 6) to said substrate (Fig. 1, 3) with said anisotropic conductive film (Fig. 1, 4) held therebetween;
- wherein said step of arranging said anisotropic conductive film within said band region of said substrate (Fig. 1, top surface of 3) is performed after said step of mounting the first component on said substrate by the solder connection.

The '796 teaches a method of bonding a driver IC (Fig. 3, 1) with a bonding tool or compression bonding head (Fig. 3, 4), slightly wider than the driver IC but much smaller than a band region or upper surface of the substrate (Fig. 3, 62) in order to have a more uniform load at a more uniform temperature of bonding.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the two teachings by applying the bonding tool or compression bonding head, as taught by the '796 to the IC mounting process of the '770, in order to have a more uniform load at a more uniform temperature of bonding.

As applied to claim 16, the '770 teaches a process of mounting a semiconductor component on a substrate, which reads on applicant's claimed invention, except for mounting the first component (Fig. 1, 2) on the substrate (Fig. 1, 3) by the solder connection such as a reflow treatment.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to solder (Col. 5, lines 20 ff) the connection by reflow treatment, which is well known in order to increase production.

As applied to claim 21, the '770 teaches a process of mounting a semiconductor component on a substrate (Abstract), comprising:

- a.) selecting a band region of a surface of the substrate (Fig. 1, surround of A) of the circuit board or substrate (Fig. 1, 3);
- b.) soldering a first component (Fig. 1, 2; Col. 5, lines 20 ff.) onto the circuit board (Fig. 1, 3) outside of the band region (Fig. 1, surround of A); and
- c.) after step b.) where the first component (Fig. 1, 2) is soldered (Fig. 1, 1; Col. 5, lines 20 ff.) to the substrate (Fig. 1, 3), mounting a second component (Fig. 1, 6) on the substrate (Fig. 1, 3) within the band region (Fig. 1, surround of A) with an anisotropic conductive

film (Fig. 1, 4).

The '796 teaches a method of bonding a driver IC (Fig. 3, 1) with a bonding tool or compression bonding head (Fig. 3, 4), slightly wider than the driver IC but much smaller than a band region or upper surface of the substrate (Fig. 3, 62) in order to have a more uniform load at a more uniform temperature of bonding.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the two teachings by applying the bonding tool or compression bonding head, as taught by the '796 to the IC mounting process of the '770, in order to have a more uniform load at a more uniform temperature of bonding.

As applied to claim 22, the '796 and '770 teach the claimed invention, including the thermal press-bonding ('770, Col. 5, lines 57 ff.) and a heated bonding head or bonding tool ('796, Fig. 10, 4) pressing against the component ('796, Fig. 10, 1).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have a heated bonding head pressing against the component ('796, Fig. 10, 1) in selected area ('770, Fig. 1, surround of A) without hitting the first component ('770, Fig. 1, 2) in order concentrate all the heat toward melting the anisotropic conductive film ('770, Fig. 1, 4) under the chip ('770, Fig. 1, 6).

As applied to claims 23 and 28, the '770 teaches that the first component (Fig. 1, 2) is selected from the group of passive and mechanical components (Col. 5, lines 15 ff.), and the

second component comprises a semiconductor device (Fig. 1, 6; col. 11, line 37) or LCD or power source IC.

As applied to claim 25, the '770 teaches the claimed invention, except for providing the alignment marks outside the band region (Fig. 1, surround of A).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the alignment marks outside the band region since it was known in the art that reference marks are utilized to assign an exact location of a band region (Fig. 1, A).

As applied to claim 26, the '770 teaches that a bonding region by ACF or band region is selected or set aside (Fig. 1, surround of A) when the first components are soldered (Col. 5, lines 20 ff.) to the substrate by conventional technique such as solder reflow.

As applied to claim 27, the '770 teaches that the band region (Fig. 1, surround of A) divides a first set of first components (Fig. 1, left set of 2) on one part of the substrate and a second set of first components (Fig. 1, right set of 2) on a second part of the substrate (Fig. 1, 3).

As applied to claim 29, the '770 teaches that the band region (Fig. 1, surround of A) can be extended from one end to the other end of the substrate (Fig. 1, 3).

As applied to claim 30, the '770 teaches that the band region (Fig. 1, surround of A) extends rectilinearly along the substrate (Fig. 1, 3).

As applied to claim 31, the '770 teaches that there are wiring patterns (Fig. 1, 11) on the substrate (Fig. 1, 3) in the band region (Fig. 1, surround of A).

As applied to claim 32, the '770 teaches a dummy electrode or ground wire (Fig. 1, 12) at a position associated with the second component or LCD chip (Fig. 1, 6).

Response to Arguments

6. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 15, 16, 21-23 and 25-34 have been considered but are moot in view of the new grounds of rejection.

Conclusion

7. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicants' disclosure.

Applicants' amendment necessitated the new grounds of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicants are reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Tim Phan whose telephone number is 571-272-4568. The examiner can normally be reached on M - F, 9AM - 5PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Peter Vo can be reached on 571-272-4690. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Tim Phan
Examiner
Art Unit 3729



A. DEXTER TUGBANG
PRIMARY EXAMINER

tp
May 9, 2005